



Relationships and Sex Education policy

RRS Article 24: Every child has the right to the best possible health

RRS Article 13: Every child must be free to express their thoughts and opinions and to access all kinds of information, as long as it is within the law

RRS Article 31: Every child has the right to relax, play and take part in a wide range of cultural and artistic activities.

Approved by:	The Governing Body	Date: 1 st October 2020
Last reviewed on:	March 2021	
Next review due by:	March 2022	

Contents

1. Aims	2
2. Statutory requirements.....	2
3. Policy development.....	2
4. Definition.....	3
5. Curriculum	3
6. Delivery of RSE	4
7. Roles and responsibilities	4
8. Parents' right to withdraw.....	5
9. Training.....	5
10. Monitoring arrangements	5
Appendix 1: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE	6
Appendix 2: By the end of primary school pupils should know.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.

1. Aims

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- › Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- › Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- › Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- › Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- › Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

2. Statutory requirements

As a maintained primary school we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the Children and Social work act 2017.

However, we are not required to provide sex education but we do need to teach the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

In teaching RSE, we must have regard to guidance issued by the secretary of state as outlined in section 403 of the Education Act 1996.

At Conifers Primary School, we teach RSE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

1. Review – a member of staff pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance.
-

2. Staff consultation – all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations. This included trailing some new resources with their classes.
3. Parent/stakeholder consultation – parents and Governors were invited to view and ask questions about the policy through a small consultation group of parents and Governors.
4. Pupil consultation – children provided feedback about the new resources during the trial lessons
5. Ratification – once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 2 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- Preparing boys and girls for the changes that adolescence brings
- How a baby is conceived and born

The curriculum overview:

Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Theme	Families	Respectful Relationships	Online safety	Being safe	Friendships	Changing bodies
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A mixture of resources to deliver the curriculum content which will include Jigsaw, Yasmin and Tom, NSPCC. • Teaching will include whole class work, group work, circle time and independent work. • Specific Relationship Curriculum outcomes for certain year groups must be taught in the correct year groups. • The Recovery Curriculum (Sept 2020) and some Wider Curriculum Topics also cover some Relationship Education outcomes. 					
Whole school	RRS Charters	Anti-bullying week	Safer internet day	Safety week		

6. Delivery of RSE

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE). Pupils may also receive stand-alone sex education sessions delivered by a trained health professional.

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- Families and people who care for me
- Caring friendships
- Respectful relationships
- Online relationships
- Being safe
- Naming body parts and changes at puberty
- Making babies

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendix 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

All teaching staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils

- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/non-science components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSE.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 1 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

When and where possible, the headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSE is monitored by looking at planning and books, learning walks, lesson observations and discussions with staff and pupils.

Pupils' development in RSE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing body and/or Headteacher.

Date written: February 2020

Date approved by Governors: October 2020

Date for review: February 2021

Policy reviewed: March 2021 by Donna Newport

Appendix 1: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS			
Name of child		Class	
Name of parent		Date	
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education			
Any other information you would like the school to consider			
Parent signature			

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL	
Agreed actions from discussion with parents	